INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL

TOSLINE-S20

SIF STATION

Main Menu Contents

TOSHIBA CORPORATION

FCF5000

CODE

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Preface

The TOSLINE-S20 is a Local Area Network (LAN) for Factory Automation (FA) system. Several kinds of TOSLINE-S20 stations are available for interfacing various equipments, such as PLCs, computers, etc.

This manual describes How To Use the TOSLINE-S20 Serial Interface (SIF) station. The SIF station enables data communications between a host computer and the equipments connected to the TOSLINE-S20 network.

For general information concerning the TOSLINE-S20, refer to separate T2/T3 Stations User's Manual. Also, for the key operations of the TOSLINE-S20 Loader Software (S-LS), refer to separete S-LS Operation Manual.

In this manual, the following abbreviations are used.

S20: TOSLINE-S20 system

S-LS: TOSLINE-S20 Loader Software

SIF: TOSLINE-S20 Serial Interface station

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1. Overview

1.1 SIF overview

The SIF is a unit type S20 station, which has two ports of standard serial interface (RS-232C/RS-485). This SIF is used to communicate between a host computer and S20 interfacing equipments, such as programmable controller T2/T3.

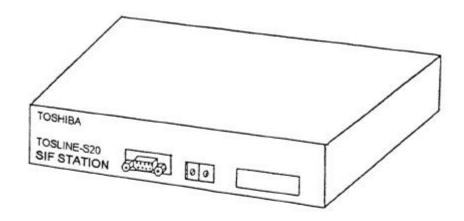
The SIF is available from the following three types depending on the S20 transmission cable.

- · Coaxial cable type
- · Optical fiber type
- · Coaxial/optical mixture type

Also, depending on the serial interface equipped with, the following two types are available.

- · RS-232C, 2 ports (standard)
- · RS-232C or RS-485 selectable, total 2 ports

So, totally, six types of SIF are available.

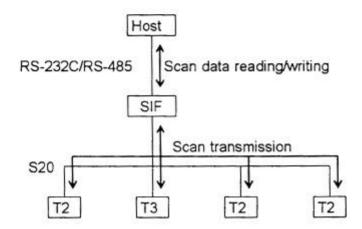


1.2 Functions

The SIF supports the following functions.

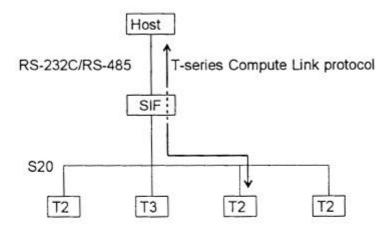
(1) Scan transmission

The SIF supports the S20's scan transmission function. The SIF has 1024 words of common memory for the scan transmission. By setting the data send block, sending the scan data from the SIF is possible. The host computer connecting to the SIF can read/write the common memory through the serial interface.



(2) T-series Computer Link

The SIF supports the T-series Computer Link protocol. By using this function, the host computer connecting to the SIF can communicate with the T2/T3 on the S20 network.



2. Specifications

2.1 General specifications

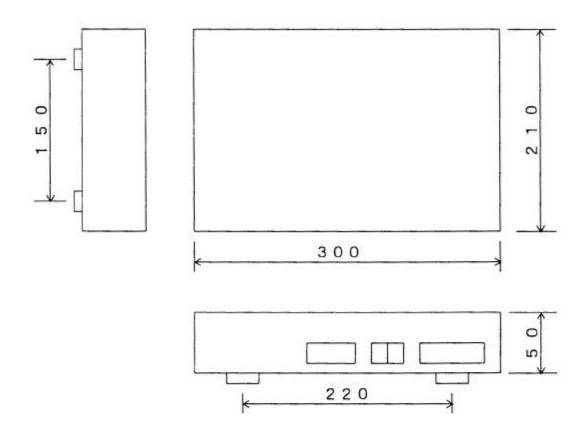
Item	Specifications
Rated power voltage	100 to 240 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Voltage tolerance	85 to 264 Vac, 47 to 66 Hz
Retentive power interruption	10 ms or less
Power consumption	10 VA
Withstand voltage	1500 Vac for 1 minute
Fuse rating	3 A (built-in)
Operating temperature	0 to 55°C
Storage temperature	-20 to 75°C
Ambient humidity	20 to 90% RH (no condensation)
Atmosphere	No corrosive gases
Dust	1 mg/m³ or less
Vibration immunity	16.7 Hz, 3 mmp-p
Grounding	100 Ω or less
External dimensions	300 (W) x 210 (D) x 60 (H) mm
Weight	Approx. 2.2 kg
Cooling	Natural air cooling

Note) For S20 system specifications, refer to separate T2/T3 Stations User's Manual.

2.2 Serial interface specifications

Item	Specifications
Interface	RS-232C/RS-485
Number of ports	2 ports
Connector	D-Sub 25-pin, female (SIF side)
Pin assignment	DCE type (SIF side)
Synchronizing	Start-stop (asynchronous)
Transmission speed	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 bps (selectable by S-LS)
Parity	Non, odd, even (selectable by S-LS)
Stop bit length	1, 2 bits (selectable by S-LS)
Data bit length	7, 8 bits (selectable by S-LS)
Transmission mode	Harf-duplex
Transmission code	ASCII
Message length	Max. 1046 bytes
Primary/secondary	Primary station

2.3 External dimensions



(Units: mm)

3. Station hardware

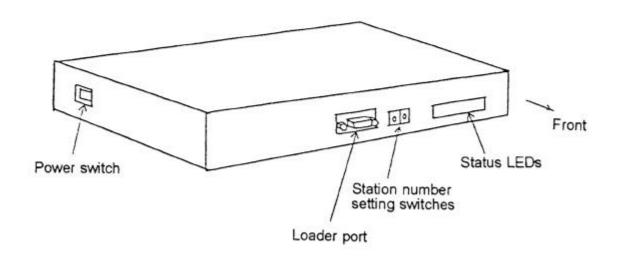
3.1 Unit type

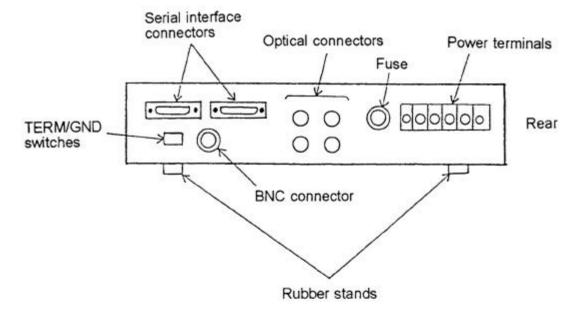
The SIF is available from the following six unit types.

Туре	S20 transmission cable	Serial interface
SIF21	Coaxial cable	RS-232C, 2 ports (standard type)
SIF22	Optical fiber	
SIF23	Coaxial/optical mixture	
SIF21A	Coaxial cable	RS-232C/RS-485 selectable for
SIF22A	Optical fiber	each port, total 2 ports (RS-485 board is added to the
SIF23A	Coaxial/optical mixture	standard type)

Note) 2 pieces of cable side connectors (D-Sub 25-pin male) for the serial interface are attached as accessories.

3.2 External feature



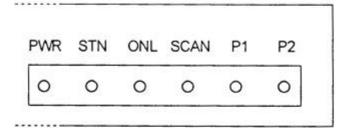


· Power switch

Turns on/off power to the SIF station.

· Status LEDs:

Indicate the status of the SIF station.



All LEDs are red

PWR	Lit	Power supply is normal
	Not lit	Power off or power supply is abnormal
STN	Lit	SIF station normal
	Not lit	Down mode
ONL	Lit	Online mode
	Blink	Standby mode
	Not lit	Offline mode
SCAN	Lit	Scan transmission is executing
	Not lit	Scan transmission is not executing
P1	Lit	Port 1 host is communicating with the SIF
	Not lit	Port 1 host is not communicating with the SIF
P2	Lit	Port 2 host is communicating with the SIF
	Not lit	Port 2 host is not communicating with the SIF

· Station number setting switches:

Used to set the station number. (allowable setting is 1 to 64) The setting status is read at power on.

Н	L
0	0

Decimal rotary switches

STNH · · · · · 10's digit STNL · · · · 1's digit

Loader port:

Used to connect the S-LS (or T-PDS for remote programming/monitoring).

Power terminals:

Used to connect the power cables.

BNC connector:

Used to connect coaxial cable. (see Section 4)

· Optical connectors:

Used to connect optical fiber cables. (see Section 4)

Transmission cable termination / grounding switches (coaxial type only):

TERM ----- When this switch is ON, internal termination resistor will be connected. Set this switch to ON if the station is terminal station.

GND ------ When this switch is ON, outside conductor of the coaxial cable will be connected to the SIF station's frame ground.

Set this switch to ON at one station which is in most stable electro-magnetic environment.

Serial interface connectors:

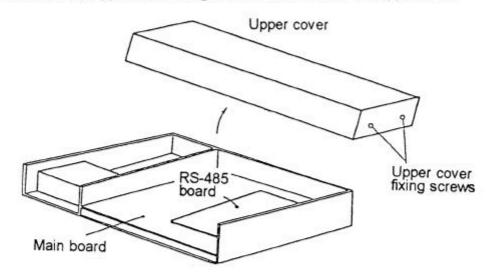
Used to connect the host computers through RS-232C/RS-485 interface. Two connectors are provided. (see Section 4)

3.3 RS-232C/RS-485 selection

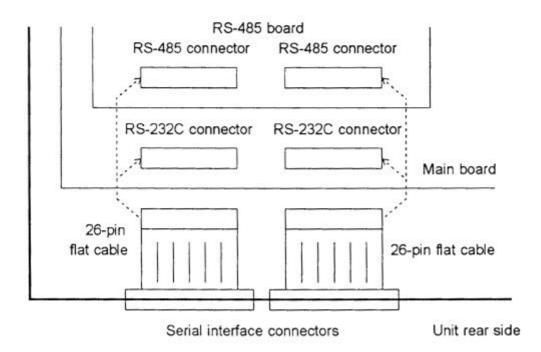
In case of the SIF station which has the RS-485 board (SIF21A, SIF22A and SIF23A), the serial interface can be selected from either RS-232C or RS-485, independently for each port. (Both ports are set as RS-232C at factory shipment)

Follow the procedure below to change the serial interface.

(1) Unfasten the upper cover fixing screws, then remove the upper cover.



(2) Change the flat cable connection to desired interface connector.



4. Connections

4.1 RS-232C connection

Two D-Sub 25-pin female connectors are provided on the SIF station. The cable side connectors are attached as accessories.

The pin assignment is DCE type.

· Pin assinment

Pin No.	Signal name	Description	Signal direction
2	SD	Transmitted data	SIF ← Host
3	RD	Received data	SIF → Host
4	RS	Request to send	SIF ← Host
5	CS	Clear to send	SIF → Host
6	DR	Data set ready	SIF → Host
7	SG	Signal ground	SIF - Host
8	CD	Carrier detect	SIF → Host
20	ER	Data terminal ready	SIF ← Host

· Standard connection

SIF		Host
2	SD	
	RD	2
3	RS	3
4	CS	4
5	DR	5
6	SG	6
	CD	/
8 20	ER	8
20		20

D-Sub 25-pin

D-Sub 25-pin

Notes)

- (1) Shielded twisted-pair cable should be used.
- (2) Cable length should be less than 15 m.
- (3) Cable characteristics should meet the RS-232C requirements.
- (4) Cable shield should be connected to the connector fixing screw at the SIF side.
- (5) Unused lines in the cable should be connected to SG line.

4.2 RS-485 connection

Two D-Sub 25-pin female connectors are provided on the SIF station. The cable side connectors are attached as accessories.

The pin assignment is DCE type.

· Pin assinment

Pin No.	Signal name	Description	Signal direction
3	SD(+)	Transmitted data	CIF . Uset
16	SD(-)	Transmitted data	SIF ← Host
2	RD(+)	Desciused data	CIE Usat
15	RD(-)	Received data	SIF → Host
5	RS(+)	Demicet to send	SIF ← Host
18	RS(-)	Request to send	SIF ← Host
4	CS(+)	Classita and	OIF . Uset
17	CS(-)	Clear to send	SIF → Host
6	DR(+)	Data and searth	CIT . Uset
19	DR(-)	Data set ready	SIF → Host
1			
11			CIE Heat
14	SG	Signal ground	SIF - Host
24	1		
20	ER(+)	Data terminal result	OIF - 114
7	ER(-)	Data terminal ready	SIF ← Host

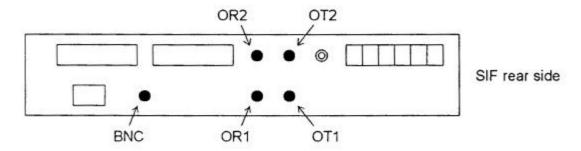
Notes)

- (1) Connection pin number at the host side depends on the specification.
- (2) Shielded twisted-pair cable should be used.
- (3) Cable length should be less than 50 m.
- (3) Cable characteristics should meet the RS-485 requirements.
- (4) Cable shield should be connected to the connector fixing screw at the SIF side.
- (5) Unused lines in the cable should be connected to SG line.

4.3 Transmission cable connection

Depending on the unit type, coaxial cable (5C-2V) or optical cable (GI 50/125) is used as S20 transmission cable. For detailed information concerning the cable selection and cabling, see separate T2/T3 Stations User's Manual.

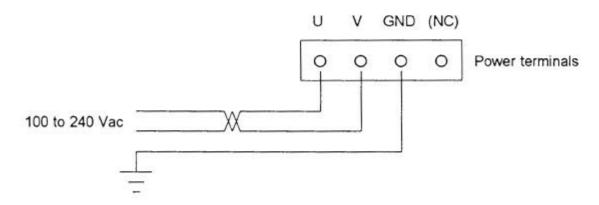
The transmission connectors are provided on the rear side of the SIF station as below. These connectors are not all provided. It depends on the unit type as described on the table below.



Unit type	Transmission cable	Provided connectors				
		BNC	OT1	OR1	OT2	OR2
SIF21/21A	Coaxial cable	Yes	No	No	No	No
SIF22/22A	Optical fiber	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
SIF23/23A	Coaxial/optical mixture	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

4.4 Wiring the power supply

Wire the specified voltage of AC power to the power terminals provided on the rear side of the SIF station.



5. Software

5.1 Supporting protocols

The SIF station has two ports of RS-232C/RS-485 interface. These two ports work independently each other.

This section describes the communication protocols between the host computer and the SIF station through the RS-232C/RS-485 port.

The following protocols are supported by the SIF station for communicating with the host computer.

(1) SIF protocol

This protocol enables the host computer to read/write the scan transmission data and to read the RAS information from the SIF station or other S20 stations.

(2) T-series Computer Link protocol

This protocol is supported by T2/T3 as built-in Computer Link port (RS-485) function. The SIF station also supports this protocol. So, all the functions of the Computer Link are available through the S20 network.

Note) To use the protocols above (1) and (2), set the item "7. Communication" of the SIF information on the S-LS at "Message", not "Virtual circuit".

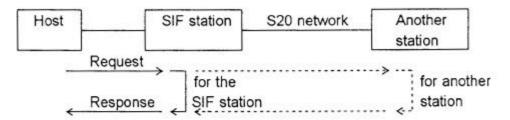
The "Virtual circuit" is for future use. (See section 6)

5.2 SIF protocol

The SIF protocol is a dedicated protocol used to request for the connecting SIF station or other S20 stations. This protocol enables the host computer to perform the following functions.

- · Reading and/or writing the scan data
- · Reading the online/standby map
- · Reading the scan healthy map
- Reading the station down information
- · Reading the station status

The request/response sequence is shown below.

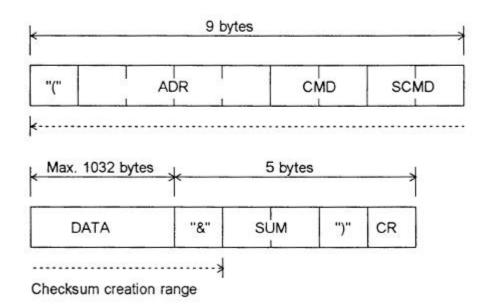


If the host issues the request for the SIF station which is connected to the host, the SIF processes and returns the response.

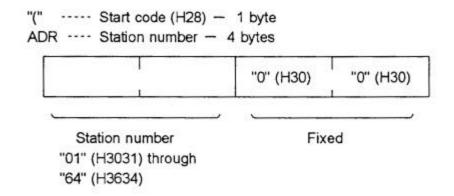
And if the host issues the request for another station on the S20 network, the SIF transmits the request to the specified station. Then the specified station returns the response through the SIF station.

When one cycle of the request/response sequece is completed, the host can issue the next request. If a request is issued during the above cycle, the request is ignored.

The basic text format between the host and the SIF is shown below. ASCII is used as the transmission code for the request/response text.



Text contents



CMD ---- Command — 2 bytes (explained in each command)

SCMD --- Sub-command - 2 bytes

DATA · · · Data field (explained in each command)

"&" ---- Checksum delimiter (H26) - 1 byte

Added when checksum is used for the request text. In the response text, checksum is always added.

SUM --- Checksum - 2 bytes

ASCII code of the lowest one byte of the sum obtained by adding from the start code "(" to the checksum delimiter "&".

")" ---- End code (H29) - 1 byte

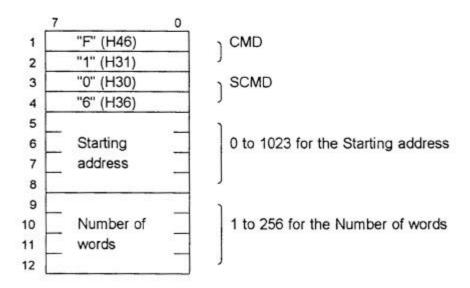
CR ---- Carrige return code (H0D) - 1 byte

(1) Scan Data Read

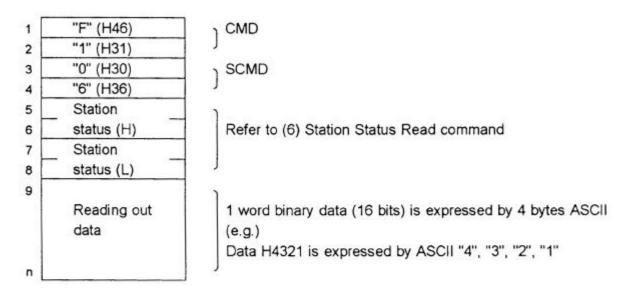
This command reads out the specified number of scan data starting with specified address from the station.

Text format (from CMD to DATA)

Request text



Normal response text



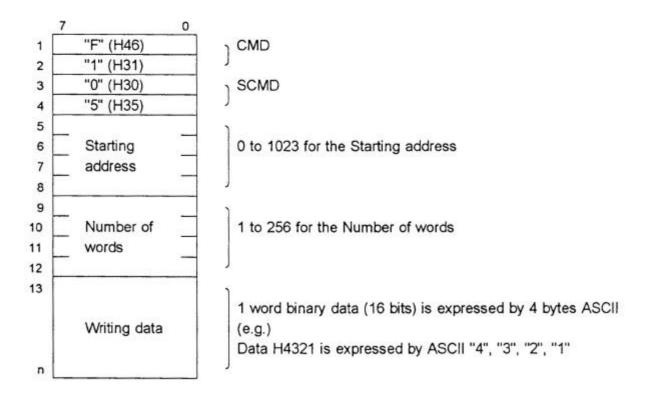
Note) For abnormal response, see (7) Common Error Response.

(2) Scan Data Write

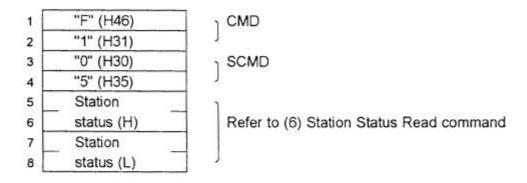
This command writes the specified number of scan data starting with specified address into the station.

Text format (from CMD to DATA)

· Request text



· Normal response text



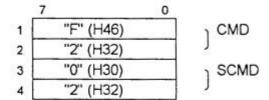
Note) For abnormal response, see (7) Common Error Response.

(3) Online Map Read

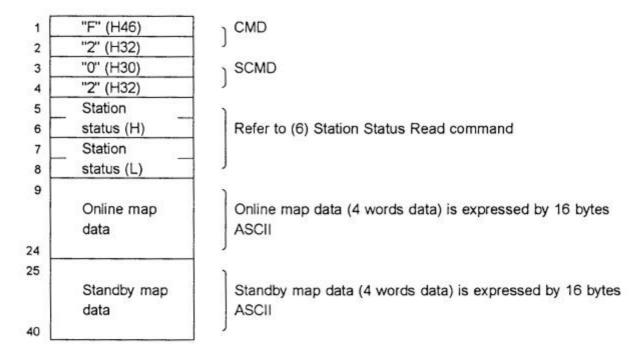
This command reads out the online map and the standby map from the station.

Text format (from CMD to DATA)

· Request text



· Normal response text



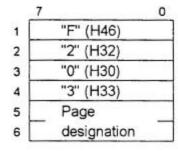
- Notes) (1) Refer to separate T2/T3 Stations User's Manual for detailes of the online map and the standby map.
 - (2) For abnormal response, see (7) Common Error Response.

(4) Scan Healthy Map Read

This command reads out the scan healthy map from the station.

Text format (from CMD to DATA)

· Request text



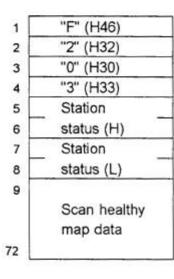
CMD

SCMD

The scan healthy map consists of total 64 words. Reading out is made in 16 words units by designating the page as follows.

Page	Scan healthy map	Corresponding scan address
"00"	0 to 15	0 to 255
"01"	16 to 31	256 to 511
"02"	32 to 47	512 to 767
"03"	48 to 63	768 to 1023

· Normal response text



CMD

SCMD

Refer to (6) Station Status Read command

Scan healthy map data (16 words data) is expressed by 64 bytes ASCII

Notes) (1) Refer to separate T2/T3 Stations User's Manual for detailes of the scan healthy map.

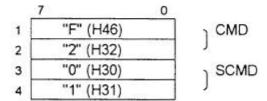
(2) For abnormal response, see (7) Common Error Response.

(5) Down information Read

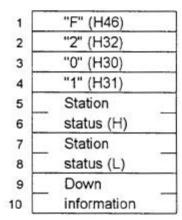
This command reads out the satation down information from the connectiong SIF station.

Text format (from CMD to DATA)

· Request text



· Normal response text



CMD SCMD

Refer to (6) Station Status Read command

Possible Down information (codes) are as follows.

Down code	Meanings	
"10"	Watch dog timer error	
"20"	Memory bus error	
"30"	SIF malfunction	
"40"	Jabber timeout	
"60"	Hardware error	
"67"	SIF initializing error	
"77"	Receive buffer overflow	

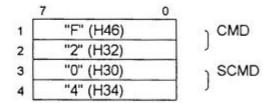
Note) For abnormal response, see (7) Common Error Response.

(6) Station staus Read

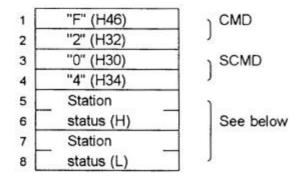
This command reads out the satation status from the station.

Text format (from CMD to DATA)

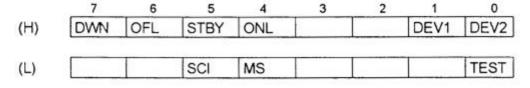
· Request text



Normal response text



Contens of the Station status:



DWN: 1 = Down mode
OFL: 1 = Offline mode
STBY: 1 = Standby mode

ONL: 1 = Online mode

DEV1: 1 = Serial port 1 abnormal DEV2: 1 = Serial port 2 abnormal

SCI: 1 = Scan transmission inhibited

MS: 1 = Master station TEST: 1 = Test executing

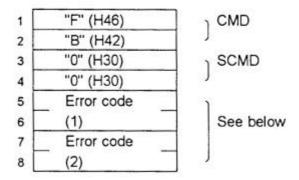
Note) For abnormal response, see (7) Common Error Response.

(7) Common Error Response

This is the abnormal response for a request command.

Text format (from CMD to DATA)

· Response text



Error codes and meanings:

Error code (1)	Category	Error code (2)	Meanings
"01"	Command	"01"	Command number error
	error	"02"	Sub-command number error
"02"	Format error	"31"	Scan transmission station type error (primary station)
		"32"	Scan data starting address error (primary station)
		"33"	Scan data number of words error (primary station)
		"61"	Scan data starting address error (secondary station)
		"62"	Scan data number of words error (secondary station)
		"81"	Scan healthy map page error
"03"	BCC error	"01"	Primary station BCC error
		"02"	Secondary station BCC error
"05"	Timeout error	"01"	Request timeout (see Note)
"07"	Serial line error	"01"	communication error on the serial line

Error code (1)	Category	Error code (2)	Meanings
"08"	Network error	"01"	Target station busy
		"02"	Response timeout
		"03"	Frame length error
		"04"	Communication service type error
		"05"	Primary station message transmission inhibited
		"06"	Secondary station message transmission inhibited
"09"	Address error	"01"	Primary station text address error
		"02"	Secondary station text address error
"0C"	Station type error	"01"	Station type error

Note) The SIF station checks the time between characters of the request text. If the time exceeds the limit shown below, the SIF station judges as request timeout.

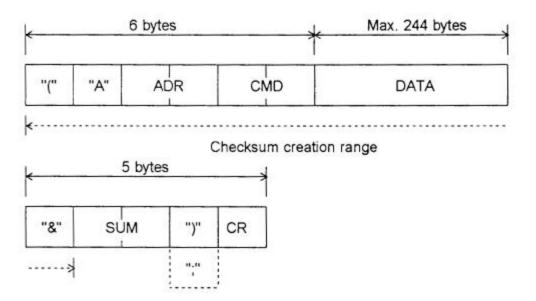
В	aud rate	Time limit
	300 bps	16 sec.
-	600 bps	16 sec.
1	200 bps	16 sec.
2	400 bps	8 sec.
4	800 bps	4 sec.
9	600 bps	2 sec.
19	200 bps	1 sec.

5.3 T-series computer link protocol

The SIF station supports the same protocol as the T-series PLC computer link protocol. All the commands of the T-series computer link protocol are available through the S20 network.

Note) Refer to the T-series Computer Link Function manual for it's function details.

The basic text format between the host and the SIF is shown below. ASCII is used as the transmission code for the message text.



Text contents

"(" ---- Start code (H28) - 1 byte

"A" ---- Format identification code (H41) - 1 byte

ADR · · · · Station number — 2 bytes

"01" (H3031) through "64" (H3634)

CMD --- Command - 2 bytes

DATA --- Data field - depending on the command

"&" ---- Checksum delimiter (H26) - 1 byte

Added when checksum is used for the request text. In the response text, checksum is always added.

SUM --- Checksum - 2 bytes

ASCII code of the lowest one byte of the sum obtained by adding from the start code "(" to the checksum delimiter "&".

")" ---- End code (H29) - 1 byte

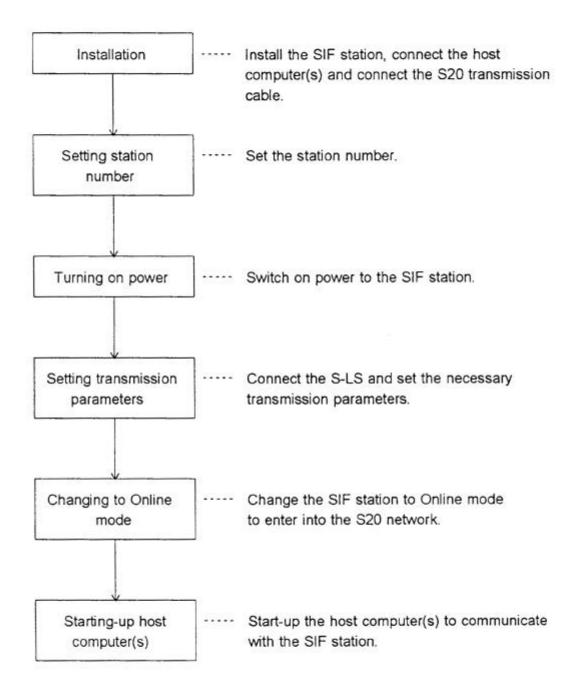
";" ---- End code (H3B) - 1 byte (in case of halfway of entire data)

CR ---- Carrige return code (H0D) - 1 byte

If any abnormality is occurred in the S20 network, the abnormal response "SE" will be returned. The error codes added in the "SE" text are the same as the SIF protocol. All other request/response text formats are the same as the T-series PLC computer link protocol.

6. SIF start-up procedure

The flow chart below shows the general procedure to start-up the SIF station.



This section summarizes the important information for above each step.

(1) Installing the SIF station

Normally, the SIF station is installed in the room where the host computer is located. If the SIF station is installed in a control panel, mounting attachment is available as option. In this case, in addition to the standard horizontal mounting, vertical mounting is allowable. However, inverted horizontal mounting (upside down) is not allowed. For cable connections, refer to Section 4.

(2) Setting the station number

Each station should have unique station number. If a station number is duplicated, the S20 network cannot be established. Allowable station number is 1 to 64. To set the station number, two rotary switches (STNH and STNL) are provided on the SIF station. STNH is for 10's digit setting, and STNL is for 1's digit setting. Refer to Section 3.

(3) Turning on power

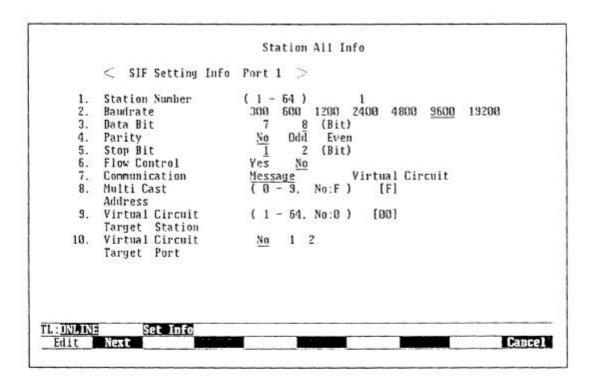
The power switch is provided on the side surface of the SIF station. The station number setting status (above (2)) is read at powe on.

(4) Setting the transmission parameters

The transmission parameters for S20 operation and for serial interface are set by using the S-LS. Refer to the S-LS Operation Manual for general key operation.

For the scan transmission information and the station control information, refer to separate T2/T3 Stations User's Manual.

The serial interface parameters are set on the SIF information screen of the S-LS as follows. The parameters are set independently for each serial port.



1. Station Number

Enter the station number of the SIF station.

2. Baudrate

Select the baudrate from among the followings according to the host side setting. 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 or 19200 bps

3. Data bit

Select the data bit length according to the host side setting, 7 or 8 bits.

4. Parity

Select the parity according to the host side setting, Non, Odd or Even.

5. Stop bit

Select the stop bit length according to the host side setting, 1 or 2 bits.

6. Flow Control

This is invalid when Message is selected in 7. Communication. Select No.

7. Communication

Communication service type selection. Select **Message** to use the SIF protocol and the T-series computer link protocol.

8. Multi Cast Address

This is invalid when Message is selected in 7. Communication. Select F (No).

9. Virtual Circuit Target Station

This is invalid when Message is selected in 7. Communication. Select 0 (No).

10. Virtual Circuit Target Port

This is invalid when Message is selected in 7. Communication. Select No.

- Notes) (1) These parameters are stored in EEPROM of the SIF station.
 - (2) Before writing these parameters into the SIF station, confirm the SIF station is in Standby mode. If not, change the mode to Standby by using the S-LS.
- (5) Changing to Online mode

After completion of all parameters settings, change the SIF station mode to Online by using the S-LS. When the SIF station functions correctly, it joins into the S20 network.

(6) Starting-up the host computer(s)

Refer to Section 5 for creating the communication software on the host computer.



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