

# Simulated Bifurcation Machine (SBM) User Manual

Revision 1.20

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# Introduction

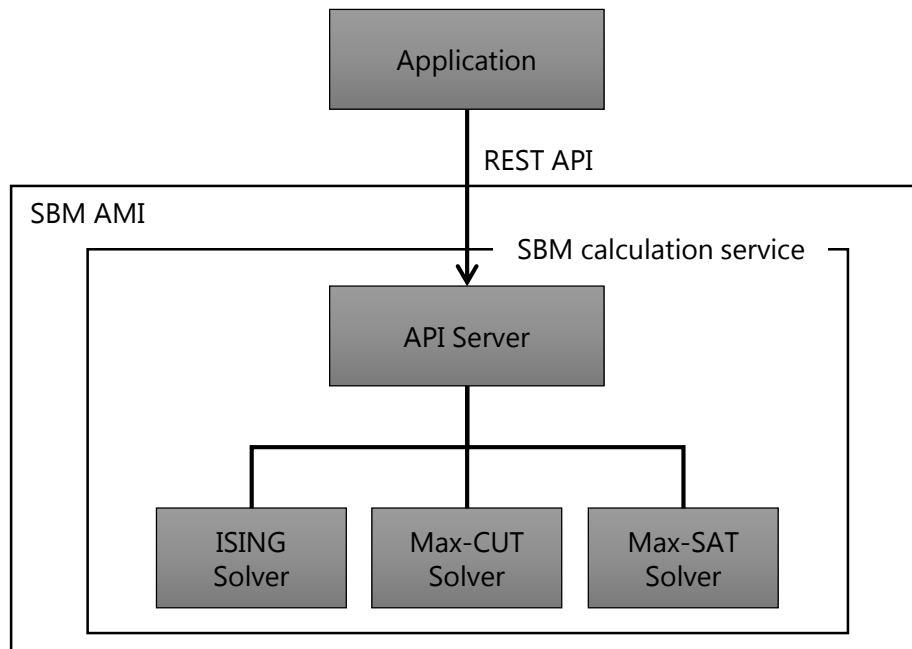
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Simulated Bifurcation Machine (SBM) is a set of solvers enabling users to quickly obtain nearly optimal solutions for large combinatorial optimization problems. SBM is developed based on the theory described in the following paper:

Goto, H., Tatsumura, K., & Dixon, A. R. (2019) Combinatorial optimization by simulating adiabatic bifurcations in nonlinear Hamiltonian systems, *Science Advances*, 5(4), DOI:10.1126/sciadv.aav2372

SBM is provided as an AMI (See Figure 1). The main characteristics are:

- REST-API
- Solves ISING, Max-CUT, and Max-SAT optimization problems.
- Quickly obtains nearly optimal solutions for large optimization problems; however, it does not guarantee optimal solutions.
- Easy to use. Complicated parameter setting is not required.
- Each solver has its maximum size limits. For details, refer to the section "Using SBM."



**Figure 1 Functional diagram of the SBM AMI**

# Installation

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## Installation steps

1. Select the SBM AMI and its associated instance in the AWS Marketplace using the AWS console. Only a p3.2xlarge instance is supported.
2. Set the security group. The inbound rule is shown in Table 1. The port number (8000) of SBM calculation service can be customized by modifying the system configuration file. For details, refer to the section "System configuration."
3. Launch the SBM instance. Once the SBM instance starts, SBM calculation service will start automatically.

**Table 1: Inbound rule of the security group**

Type	Protocol	Port Range
Custom TCP rule	TCP	8000
SSH	TCP	22

## Installation notes

When connecting to the SBM instance via REST-API, it is recommended to connect from the instance in the VPC where the SBM instance resides. Connecting directly from the Internet is not recommended because API requests are not authenticated.

# Using SBM

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## Interface overview

- Method
  - POST
- URL
  - `http://{ip}:{port}/solver/{solver}?{parameter}`
    - ◇ ip: IP address of the SBM instance.
    - ◇ port: Port number of the API server.
    - ◇ solver: Solver name (one of `ising`, `maxcut`, or `maxsat`)
    - ◇ parameter: Specified as a query string, i.e. consisting of key=value pairs separated by "&".
  - Example
 

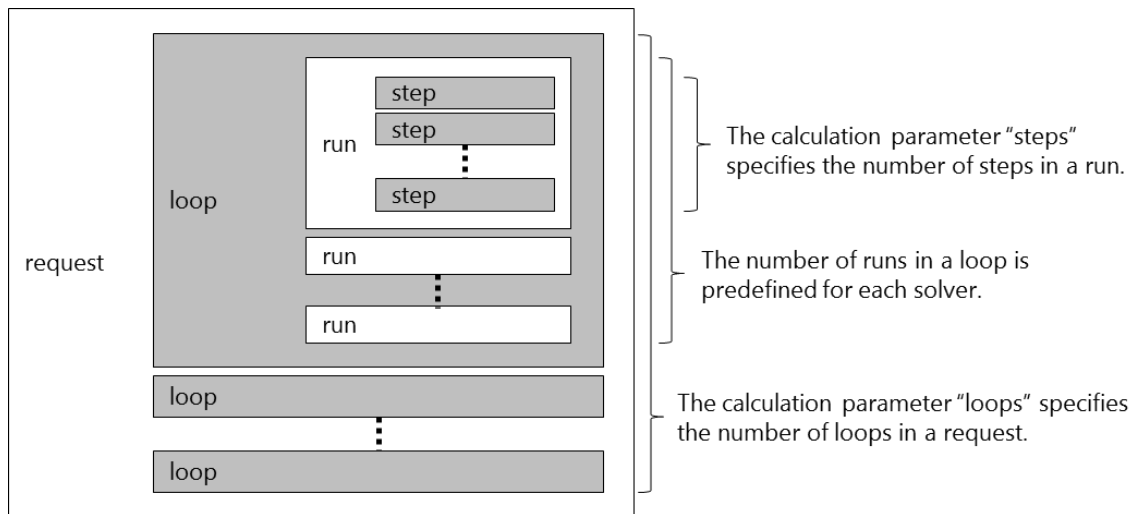
`http://123.45.67.89:8000/solver/ising?steps=1000&loops=10`
- Request Header
  - Set the Content-Type field in the Request Header to "application/octet-stream."
- Request Body
  - Contains a problem file for each solver.
  - Every solver has its own format.
- Response Body
  - Outputs the calculation results.
  - Encoded in the JSON format (application/json).

## Examples of SBM calculation

Refer to the section "Examples of SBM calculation" in the Appendix.

## Calculation structure

A calculation request consists of three calculation units: step, run, and loop in ascending order (Figure 2). The smallest unit is a "step." A group of steps constitutes a "run"; a group of runs constitutes a "loop"; a group of loops constitutes a "request." The number of steps and loops can be specified using the calculation parameters described in the next section, but the number of runs is solver-specific. See the section "Specification of each solver."



**Figure 2 Calculation structure**

Here SBM executes a group of runs in parallel while each run produces a nearly optimal solution. This means a request produces  $(\text{number of loops in a request}) \times (\text{number of runs in a loop})$  optimal solutions in total. SBM calculation returns the best of these solutions as the result of a request together with statistical information on these solutions.

The number of steps and loops affects the accuracy and speed of SBM calculation. The auto step functionality will help you find a better setting. For detailed parameter settings, refer to the next section.

## Calculation parameters

The parameters specified in the query string of the URL are as follows:

**Table 2: Calculation parameters**

Parameter	Default	Description
steps	0	Specifies the number of steps in SBM calculation. The value 0 means automatic setup where the number of steps is dynamically determined.
loops	1	Specifies the number of loops in SBM calculation. SBM searches for a better solution through repeated calculations. If 0 is specified, calculation will be repeated to the maximum calculation time.

Parameter	Default	Description
timeout	<i>configurable</i>	Specifies the maximum calculation time in seconds. If it is likely that this <i>timeout</i> is reached before the next calculation loop finishes, the calculation stops and the best solution obtained so far will be the calculation result.
maxwait	<i>configurable</i>	Specifies the maximum waiting time in seconds for each request. An accepted request waits in a queue for the preceding requests being processed. If this time passes during this wait, the request ends with a timeout error.
target	<i>unspecified</i>	Specifies the end condition of calculation. When the value of the objective function reaches this value, the calculation will stop.
prefer	auto	Select "speed" or "auto." "speed" refers to a setup where calculation time is prioritized over accuracy. "auto" refers to a standard setup. In either setup, an optimal result and faster calculation time are not guaranteed however.
stats	<i>configurable</i>	Specifies how to output statistical information by choosing "none," "summary," or "full." "none" outputs nothing. "summary" outputs the average, standard deviation, and the best frequency. "full" outputs the average, standard deviation, and a histogram.
dt	1.0	Specifies the time differential between one step and the next in calculation (See Figure 2) as a positive floating point number.
C	0	Corresponds to the constant $\xi_0$ described in Goto, Tatsumura, & Dixon (2019, p. 2). Specifies the constant as a positive floating point number. Otherwise, i.e. when set to 0 (default), the constant is automatically determined and applied to calculation.

## Calculation result

Calculation results included in the Response Body are shown in Table 3:

**Table 3: Calculation results**

Name	Description
id	Internally assigned request ID.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
time	Net calculation time in seconds, not including overheads, such as data transfer time.
wait	Time to wait for the preceding requests to finish in seconds.
runs	The number of the processed executable units.
steps	The number of steps by which the "result" (See below in this table) has been obtained.
C	The value of parameter C expressed as a number having five significant digits. When parameter C is set to 0 in the query string, an automatically set value is outputted.
dt	The value of parameter <i>dt</i> expressed as a number having two significant digits.
message	Completion conditions, etc.
value	The value of the objective function calculated using the solution returned in the "result" (See immediately below).
result	The best solution found.
stats	Statistical information. If stats="none", no output.

Note that the input and output data are not stored in the SBM instance after returning the results.

## Message strings specification

**Table 4: Message strings specification**

<b>String</b>	<b>Specification</b>
finished	Completed the calculation of the specified number of steps and loops.
timeout	Stopped the calculation because the calculation time has reached its timeout.
reached	Stopped the calculation because the "value" has reached its target.

## Statistical information

The average, standard deviation, the best frequency, and/or a histogram are outputted according to the stats parameter settings. A histogram is a two-dimensional array which consists of values and their frequencies. The array is sorted in the ascending order of values. If the histogram becomes too large, its classes will be merged. In this case, the class width of the histogram is outputted as *histogram\_width*.



## Examples of histograms

```
"stats":{"avg":150.8766,"stddev":4.501432,"histogram":[[144,39],[145,23],
[146,84],[147,172],[148,226],[149,148],[150,73],[151,52],[152,37],[153,44
],[154,44],[155,62],[156,74],[157,61],[158,63],[159,27],[160,28],[161,7],
[162,10],[163,3],[164,2],[167,1]]}
```

```
"stats":{"avg":150.6531,"stddev":4.407379,"histogram_width":10,"histogram
":[[140,707],[150,539],[160,34]]}
```

## Error messages

If the calculation ends with an error, an HTTP response status code other than 200 will be returned. The HTTP Response Body shows the cause of the error.

**Table 5: Error messages**

Status code	Message	Description
400	(The message varies.)	The format of Request Body is invalid. The message gives the detailed information.
404	N/A	The requested URL is invalid.
413	N/A	The payload size of the HTTP request has exceeded <i>payload_limit</i> . See the section "System configuration."
503	busy	The number of requests has exceeded the request queue length.
504	timeout	<i>maxwait</i> time has passed before the request is processed.

## System configuration

`/home/ec2-user/config` sets the following system parameters. The values in the parentheses denote the default settings. Usually there is no need to change the settings. If you do change the setting, restart the SBM instance for the changes to take effect.

**Table 6: System configuration parameters**

Parameter	Description
<code>timeout_upper_bound</code> (600)	Upper limit of the calculation time in seconds. Regardless of the timeout setting in the request, calculation ends at this bound.
<code>payload_limit</code>	Maximum size of Request Body in bytes.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
(1,000,000)	
max_requests (20)	Number of requests acceptable at one time (queue length). SBM accepts multiple requests concurrently but calculates them one by one.
server_port (8000)	Port number of the HTTP server.
number_of_workers (4)	Number of worker threads which accept HTTP requests.
autoshtutdown (disabled)	Time to power off the SBM instance automatically in seconds. The auto shutdown function executes /sbin/poweroff if there is no processing request during the specified time. This function is disabled if the parameter is commented out in the configuration file.
max_histogram (1,000)	Upper limit of the number of histogram classes in the statistical information. Classes will be merged so as not to exceed the limit.
default_timeout (60)	Default value of the calculation parameter "timeout"
default_maxwait (60)	Default value of the calculation parameter "maxwait"
default_stats (none)	Default value of the calculation parameter "stats"

## Specification of each solver

### ISING

- Request Body
  - Place the content of an ISING problem file in the Request Body.
  - The energy of the problem is defined using the QUBO model.
    - ✧ The energy  $E$  is represented by the following formula:

$$E = \sum_{i \geq j} Q_{ij} \cdot x_i \cdot x_j$$

where  $Q_{ij}$  denotes the element of the matrix, and  $x_i \in \{0, 1\}$  is a spin variable.

- ✧ This formula can be transformed into the following formula:

$$E = \sum_{i > j} Q_{ij} \cdot x_i \cdot x_j + \sum Q_{ii} \cdot x_i$$

- ✧ Coefficients  $Q_{ij}$  represent single-precision floating point numbers.
  - The file format must be:
    - ✧ MatrixMarket format (symmetric form only)
      - (<https://math.nist.gov/MatrixMarket/formats.html>)
- Response Body
  - value: The energy of QUBO.
  - result: An array of the binary value of each node
    - ✧ Example (Number of nodes = 5):  $[0, 1, 1, 0, 0]$
- Maximum size of the problem
  - Maximum number of spins: 10,000
  - Maximum number of non-zero coefficients in the matrix: 1,000,000
- Additional note
  - The number of runs per loop is 320.

### Max-CUT

- Request Body
  - Place the content of a Max-CUT problem file in the Request Body.
    - ✧ The weight of each edge must be  $\pm 1$ .
  - The file format must be one of the followings.

- ✧ MatrixMarket format (symmetric type only)  
(<https://math.nist.gov/MatrixMarket/formats.html>)
  - ✧ Gset format (<https://web.stanford.edu/~yyye/yyye/Gset/>)
- The content of the Max-CUT problem file represents a symmetric matrix with zero diagonal components.
- Response Body
  - value: The cut value
  - result: An array of the binary value of each node
    - ✧ Example (Number of nodes = 5): [0, 1, 1, 0, 0]
- Maximum size of the problem
  - Maximum number of nodes: 10,000
  - Maximum number of edges: 1,000,000
- Additional note
  - The number of runs per loop is 320.

## Max-SAT

- Request Body
  - Place the content of a Max-SAT problem file in the Request Body.
  - The weights of a weighted problem represent a single-precision floating point numbers.
  - The file format must be as follows:
    - ✧ DIMACS format<sup>1</sup> (<http://maxsat.ia.udl.cat/requirements/>)
- Response Body
  - value: The number of violated clauses; in the case of weighted problems, the sum of weights of violated clauses.
  - result: An array of the binary value of each variable (false: 0, true: 1)
    - ✧ Example (Number of nodes = 5): [0, 1, 1, 0, 0]
- Maximum size of the problem
  - Maximum number of variables: 1,000
  - Maximum number of clauses: 3,000
  - Maximum number of variables allowed in the Max-SAT formula: 10,000
  - Maximum number of variables in a clause: 32

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<sup>1</sup> Partial Max-SAT and Weighted Partial Max-SAT input formats are not supported.

- Additional note
  - The number of runs per loop is 1,280.

# Maintenance and Security

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## Log files

Log files are created under `/home/ec2-user/logs`. Obtain them by ssh login to the SBM instance as `ec2-user`.

## Authentication

The SBM calculation service does not provide authentication. It is NOT recommended to connect SBM instances to the Internet directly.

## Appendix

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### Examples of SBM calculation

**solver=ising, steps=0 (auto), loops=100**

#### REQUEST

```
$ curl -i -H "Content-Type: application/octet-stream" -X POST
"http://123.45.67.89:8000/solver/ising?steps=0&loops=100" --data-binary
"@G22.txt"
```

#### RESULT

```
HTTP/1.1 100 Continue
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 4134
ETag: W/"1026-dJ5jNCblf8b3wh5yPigyspBKFqU"
Date: Thu, 14 Nov 2019 09:52:32 GMT
Connection: keep-alive
```

```
{"id":"r4357145687","time":9.58,"wait":0,"runs":32000,"steps":2000,"C":0.
26551,"dt":1,"message":"finished","value":-6679.5,"result":[1,1,0,1,0,1,
1,1,1,0,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,1,1,1,0,0,1,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,0,1,1,1,0,
<multiple lines omitted>
,1,0,1,1,1,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,1,1,0,1,0,0,0,0]}
```

**solver=ising, steps=300, loops=1, C=0.29874, dt=0.1**

#### REQUEST

```
$ curl -i -H "Content-Type: application/octet-stream" -X POST
"http://123.45.67.89:8000/solver/ising?steps=300&loops=1&C=0.29874&dt=0.1
" --data-binary "@C125.9"
```

#### RESULT

```
HTTP/1.1 100 Continue
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 379
ETag: W/"17b-ooCmbUqWETHsD/8IWkMJ236KOWU"
Date: Thu, 14 Nov 2019 10:57:38 GMT
Connection: keep-alive
```

```
{"id":"r1307884245","time":0.01,"wait":0,"runs":320,"steps":300,"C":0.298
74,"dt":0.1,"message":"finished","value":-34,"result":[1,1,0,0,1,0,1,0,1,
0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1,0,
<multiple lines omitted>
0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,0,1,1,0,1,0,0,0,1,1,1,0,1]}
```

**solver=maxcut, steps=10000, loops=10****REQUEST**

```
$ curl -i -H "Content-Type: application/octet-stream" -X POST
"http://123.45.67.89:8000/solver/maxcut?steps=10000&loops=10" --data-
binary "@G22"
```

**RESULT**

```
HTTP/1.1 100 Continue
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

```
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
```

```
Content-Length: 4132
```

```
ETag: W/"1024-CnvP8N+a1BRHw1A6eBKqPTvaQJI"
```

```
Date: Thu, 14 Nov 2019 10:01:45 GMT
```

```
Connection: keep-alive
```

```
{ "id": "r3861419106", "time": 2.84, "wait": 0, "runs": 3200, "steps": 10000, "C": 0.
13239, "dt": 1, "message": "finished", "value": 13359, "result": [0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1,
0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
<multiple lines omitted>
1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0,
1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1]}]
```

**solver=maxcut, steps=0 (auto), loops=0 (till timeout), target=6950, timeout=10****REQUEST**

```
$ curl -i -H "Content-Type: application/octet-stream" -X POST
"http://123.45.67.89:8000/solver/maxcut?steps=0&loops=0&target=6950&timeo
ut=10" --data-binary "@G72.txt"
```

**RESULT**

```
HTTP/1.1 100 Continue
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

```
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
```

```
Content-Length: 20129
```

```
ETag: W/"4ea1-Pofp518iyIzdd6qli0vPq9If0SM"
```

```
Date: Thu, 14 Nov 2019 10:09:23 GMT
```

```
Connection: keep-alive
```

```
{ "id": "r2925660332", "time": 1.86, "wait": 0, "runs": 320, "steps": 20000, "C": 0.3
2853, "dt": 1, "message": "reached", "value": 6954, "result": [0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1,
<multiple lines omitted>
, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1,
1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1]}]
```





## Getting Help

- User Manual (this document)
- General inquiries: [tdsl-sbm@toshiba-sol.co.jp](mailto:tdsl-sbm@toshiba-sol.co.jp)

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